TAB 1

CLASS	DESCRIPTION	IMPAIRED	TREATMENT UNDER THE PLAN	ESTIMATED AMOUNT OF	ESTIMATED
	OF CLASS			ALLOWED CLAIMS	PERCENTAG E RECOVERY
N/A	Administrative Expense Claims	N/A	Each Holder of an Allowed Administrative Expense Claim shall be paid the Allowed Amount of its Claim either (i) in full, in Egash, by the Reorganized Debtors, on the Effective Date or as soon as practicable thereafter, or (ii) on such less favorable terms as may be agreed to by such hHolder. Ordinary course of business eclaims and eclaims of Professionals shall be paid as described in the Plan.	\$ 75<u>138</u> million≟	, 100%
N/A	Priority Tax Claims	N/A	nized Ter, or Ter, or Ter, or In an in an ogether ix (6) ix (6) t, t, aim tte, tte,	\$232 million	100%
Class 1	Priority Claims	No	rity Claim shall be paid the Allowed Claim either (i) in full, in \mathcal{C}_2 ash, on te or as soon as practicable thereafter im becomes an Allowed Priority thereafter, or (ii) on such less ed to by such $h\underline{H}$ older.	98	100%

3 Includes amounts classified as liabilities subject to compromise which are expected to be paid on the Effective Date, or as soon as practicable thereafter (approximately \$76 million), and after the Effective Date in accordance with their terms (approximately \$62 million),

CLASS	DESCRIPTION	IMPAIRED	TREATMENT UNDER THE PLAN	ESTIMATED AMOUNT OF	ESTIMATED
	OF CLASS			ALLOWED CLAIMS	PPERCENTAG E RECOVERY
Class 2	Secured Claims	No	Each Holder of an Allowed Secured Claim shall be paid the Allowed Amount of its Allowed Secured Claim at the option of the Reorganized Debtors, either (i) in full, in Cgash, on the later of (A) the Effective Date or as soon as practicable thereafter or (B) the date such Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Secured Claim, or as soon as practicable thereafter; (ii) on such less favorable terms as may be agreed to by such hHolder; (iii) by the surrender to the Holder or Holders of any Allowed Secured Claim of the property securing such Claim; or (iv) notwithstanding any contractual provision or applicable law that entitles the Holder of a Secured Claim to demand or receive payment thereof prior to the stated maturity from and after the occurrence of a default, by reinstatement in accordance with Bankruptcy Code § 1124(2)(A)-(D).	\$0 <u>90,000 plus interest at the</u> applicable rate, if any	100%
Class 3	Unsecured Pass-Through Employee Related Claims	No	The Plan leaves unaltered the legal, equitable, and contractual rights to which each such Claim entitles the Holder of such Claim.	Most Allowed Claims have already been paid pursuant to first day orders of this Court and continue to be paid in the ordinary course as they become due; \$191,190 million of Claims\(^4\) are estimated to be Allowed and outstanding.	100%
Class 4	Workers' Compensation Claims	No	The Plan leaves unaltered the legal, equitable, and contractual rights to which each such Claim entitles the Holder of such Claim.	Allowed Claims have already been paid pursuant to first day orders of this Court and continue to be paid in the ordinary course as they become due.	100%
Class 5	Intercompany	No	The Plan leaves unaltered the legal, equitable, and contractual rights	For proforma cash flow	100%

4 Includes approximately \$123 million of post-retirement benefits other than pensions classified pursuant to Section 2.6.3.3, approximately \$63 million of unfunded special pension arrangements classified pursuant to Section 2.6.3.4, and approximately \$5 million of deferred compensation classified pursuant to Section 2.6.3.6.

CLASS	DESCRIPTION	IMPAIRED	TREATMENT UNDER THE PLAN	ESTIMATED AMOUNT OF	ESTIMATED
	OF CLASS			ALLOWED CLAIMS	PERCENTAG E RECOVERY
	Claims		to which each such Claim entitles the Holder of such Claim.	purposes all Claims will have no impact upon the Plan as all payments under the Plan are based upon the Debtors and Non-Debtor Affiliates as consolidated.	
Class 6	Asbestos PI-SE Claims	ON.	All Allowed Class 6 Claims shall be paid in full by the Asbestos Trust out of the Asbestos PL-SE Class Fund and shall be processed and paid in accordance with the Asbestos Trust Agreement and the PL-SE TDP. Each Holder of an Asbestos PL-SE Claim shall complete an Asbestos PI Questionnaire or Claims Materials, as applicable, and have the option to elect: (A) the Litigation Option or Canadian Litigation Option or Canadian Litigation Option or Canadian Litigation Claim shall be conclusively presumed to have elected the Litigation Option or Canadian Litigation Option as applicable. Failure to complete and return an Asbestos PI Questionnaire or Claims Materials, as applicable, by the applicable deadline shall result in an automatic election of the Litigation Option or Canadian Litigation Option as applicable. A Holder may also be treated on such less favorable terms as may be agreed to by such Holder.	An amount to be determined by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to the Estimation Motion ³ \(\bar{2}\)	100%
Class 7	Asbestos PI- AO Claims	No V	All Allowed Class 7 Claims shall be paid in full initially by the Asbestos Trust out of the Asbestos PI-AO Class Fund and then in Eqash by the Asbestos Trust from funds to be paid to the Asbestos Trust by the Reorganized Debtors. All Allowed Class 7 Claims shall be processed and paid in accordance with the Asbestos Trust Agreement and the PI-AO TDP. In accordance with the terms of the Asbestos Trust Agreement and the PI-AO TDP, and TDP, each Holder of an	An amount to be determined by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to the Estimation Motion ^{4<u>6</u>}	100%

As a condition precedent to confirmation of the Plan, the Court shall have found that the aggregate of the Asbestos PI-SE Class Fund, the Asbestos PD Class Fund, and the Asbestos Trust Expenses Fund is not greater than \$1,483,000,000.

4½ As a condition precedent to confirmation of the Plan, the Court shall have found that the Asbestos PI-AO Class Fund is not greater than \$130,000,000.

ESTIMATED PERCENTAG E RECOVERY		100%	100%
ESTIMATED AMOUNT OF ALLOWED CLAIMS		An amount to be determined by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to the Estimation Motion ⁵ <u>T</u>	\$9511,175 million as of 9/30/04, plus accrued interest through the payment date8
TREATMENT UNDER THE PLAN	Asbestos PI-AO Claim shall complete an Asbestos PI Questionnaire or Claims Materials, as applicable, and have the option to elect: (A) the Litigation Option or Canadian Litigation Option as applicable, (B) the Cash-Out Option; or (C) the Registry Option; provided, however, that a Holder of a Third Party Indemnification/Contribution Claim shall be conclusively presumed to have elected the Litigation Option or Canadian Litigation Option as applicable. Failure to complete and return an Asbestos PI Questionnaire or Claims Materials, as applicable, by the applicable deadline shall result in an automatic election of the Litigation Option or Canadian Litigation Option as applicable. A Holder may also be treated on such less favorable terms as may be agreed to by such Holder.	All Allowed Class 8 Claims shall be paid in full and processed and paid in accordance with the Asbestos Trust Agreement and the PD TDP. A hHolder may also be treated on such less favorable terms as may be agreed to by such hHolder.	Each Holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim shall be paid the Allowed Amount of its General Unsecured Claim on the GUC Distribution Date. Such payment shall be paid-in full, plus postpetition interest, for those Claimants who, but for the Filling of the Chapter II Cases, would be entitled to accrue or be paid interest on such Claim in a non-default (or non-overdue payment) situation under applicable non-bankrupkty lang, such payment to be 85% in Gash and 15% in Parent Common Stock, such Parent Common
IMPAIRED		No	Yes
DESCRIPTION OF CLASS		Asbestos PD Claims	General Unsecured Claims
CLASS		Class 8	Class 9

37. As a condition precedent to confirmation of the Plan, the Court shall have found that the aggregate of the Asbestos PI-SE Class Fund, the Asbestos PD Class Fund, and the Asbestos Trust Expenses Fund is not greater than \$1,483,000,000.

Includes unliquidated liabilities, estimated at approximately \$185 million, that would be Class 9 Claims if and when Allowed. These unliquidated liabilities are not expected to be Allowed General Unsecured Claims at the Effective Date.

-	IMPAIRED Stock being		ESTIMATED AMOUNT OF ALLOWED CLAIMS	ESTIMATED PPERCENTAG E RECOVERY
Stock being s in Section 7.2 Plan. A-hold Eresenius Sel Taxes promp Ludennified treated on su holder Holder	on son sering the sering serin	Stock being subject to, among other things, the transactions described in Section 7.2.2 of the Plan, and the Management Stock Incentive Plan. A holder Each Holder of a Claim which by operation of the Eresenius Settlement Agreement is an obligation for Indemnified Taxes promptly shall be paid in full in cash as such Fresenius Indemnified Taxes become due and payable. A Holder may also be treated on such less favorable terms as may be agreed to by such holder Holder.		
Post-petition date of paym petition bank compounded Eiling of the otherwise to or non-over law, the rate Claimant or, bankruptcy rate of 4.19% Date), compo	pay pay lise t ise t ise t ise t int o nt o	Post-petition interest shall accrue from the Petition Date through the date of payment and shall be (i) for the Holders of the Debtors' prepetition bank credit facilities, at a rate of 6.09% per annum, compounded quarterly, (ii) for the Holders of Claims who, but for the Filing of the Chapter 11 Cases would be entitled under a contract or otherwise to accrue or be paid interest on such Claim in a non-default for non-overdue payment) situation under applicable non-bankruptcy law, the rate provided in the contract between a Debtor(s) and the Claimant or such rate as may otherwise apply under applicable non-bankruptcy law, or (iii) for all other Holders of Class 9 Claims, at a rate of 4.19% per annum (the federal judgment rate as of the Petition Date), compounded annually.		
Yes On the Effect Parent shall 1 shall: (i) be s in Section 7.2 and (ii) be ree	Effe shal (i) be ion 7	ive Date, Holders of Class 10 Equity Interests in the etain such interests; provided that such Equity Interests ubject, among other things, to the transactions described 2 of the Plan, and the Management Stock Incentive Plan stricted as described in Section 7.1.1 of the Plan.	N/A	N/A
No The Pian leav to which each Interest.	in le h ea t.	The Plan leaves unaltered the legal, equitable, and contractual rights N/A to which each such Equity Interest entitles the Holder of such Equity Interest.	l/A	100%

1.2.3 How Will General Unsecured Claims be Treated Under the Plan?

The Plan provides that all Holders of General Unsecured Claims will be paid the value of their Allowed Claims, including interest at the specified rate, such payment to be 85% in Ecash and 15% in Parent Common Stock. However, Fresenius Indemnified Taxes will be paid in cash by the Reorganized Debtors in the ordinary course of their business, in accordance with the Fresenius Settlement Order.

Grace will satisfy certain other non-asbestos related liabilities, including environmental, tax, workers' compensation, employee-related benefits, pension and retirement medical obligations, and Intercompany Claims, as they become due and payable over time. In essence, these claims will "pass through" confirmation and be paid by the Reorganized Debtors in the ordinary course of their business.

2.5.3.1 IRS Proposed 1993-96 Tax Adjustments

The IRS has asserted approximately \$114.0 million of proposed tax adjustments against Grace, including accrued interest, for tax periods 1993 through 1996. Grace's federal tax returns for 1997 and subsequent periods are either under examination by the IRS or open for future examination. As a consequence of any finally determined federal tax adjustments, Grace may be liable for additional state taxes plus accrued interest. To the extent these IRS and state tax adjustments are sustained, and they result in Fresenius Indemnified Taxes, such Fresenius Indemnified Taxes are obligations that the Debtors are obligated under the Fresenius Settlement Agreement promptly to pay in full in cash when due and payable.

The most significant contested issue for the 1993-1996 tax periods concerns corporate-owned life insurance ("COLI") policies. In 1988 and 1990, Grace acquired COLI policies as part of a strategy to fund the cost of postretirement health care benefits and other long-term liabilities. COLI premiums were funded in part by loans issued against the cash surrender value of the COLI policies. The IRS is challenging deductions of interest on loans secured by COLI policies for years prior to 1999. In 2000, Grace paid \$21.2 million of tax and interest related to this issue for tax years 1990 through 1992. Subsequently, Grace deducted approximately \$163.2 million in interest attributable to COLI policy loans.

Grace has agreed with the Department of Justice and the IRS on a settlement amount and certain other terms pertaining to this matter (the "COLI Settlement"). The Bankruptcy Court entered an order authorizing the Debtors to enter into the COLI Settlement (the "COLI Order") on October 13, 2004. Pursuant to the COLI Settlement, the federal government would allow Grace to claim approximately (1) \$42.2 million, or 20%, of the approximately \$211.2 million in COLI interest deductions claimed from 1989 through 1996, and (2) \$8.2 million, or 20%, of the approximately \$41.1 million in COLI interest deductions claimed in 1997 and 1998. The COLI Settlement further provides that Grace must allocate a portion of the permitted COLI interest deductions against foreign source income for purposes of determining the availability of foreign tax credits in each of the tax years at issue. This effectively would decrease the amount of foreign tax credits that Grace may apply to reduce U.S. taxes on foreign source income. The COLI Order also approves termination of the COLI policies. Upon termination of the policies, the COLI Settlement provides that Grace will only have to recognize 20% of the gain as taxable income. Grace expects to apply its net operating loss ("NOL") carryforwards to offset this income. However, since NOL carryforwards cannot fully offset a corporation's alternative minimum taxable income, the recognition of this income may result in some degree of tax liability if Grace is subject to paying the alternative minimum tax in that year. As part of terminating the COLI policies at issue. Grace anticipates receiving cash proceeds from its insurers. Assuming a termination date of September 30, 2004, Grace would have received approximately \$20 million in proceeds. This amount will likely fluctuate until the actual termination date, which is expected to be in the first quarter of 2005.

2.5.3.2.4 State Income Tax Claims

Certain state income tax Claims relating to past tax years may involve significant amounts. However, Grace believes that these Claims can and should be resolved for significantly less than the amounts claimed Although state income tax proofs of claim have been filed against Grace in the amount of approximately \$57 million, Grace estimates that it will have to pay out approximately \$10 million with respect to these Claims. Grace also estimates that it will be required to pay out additional state taxes and interest to reflect the state impact of IRS federal audit adjustments. The Debtors estimate such liability at approximately \$37 million through the Petition Date. To the extent the state tax obligations are sustained, however, and they result in Fresenius Indemnified Taxes, the Fresenius Indemnified Taxes are obligations that the Debtors are obligated under the Fresenius Settlement Agreement promptly to pay in full in cash when due and payable.

2.6.3.2 Income Taxes

As of September 30, 2004, the Debtors have established approximately \$201.9232 million in reserves, for financial reporting purposes, for potential income taxes and related statutory interest including those described in Section 2.5.3 above (including approximately \$30 million of reserves classified in Other Accrued Liabilities). This amount reflects the Debtors' estimated liability for a number of contested income tax matters. Of this amount, approximately \$152182 million is expected to be paid in cash on or before the Effective Date in settlement of assessed or asserted income tax claims (including approximately \$30 million of reserves classified in Other Accrued Liabilities) including obligations for Fresenius Indemnified Taxes that the Debtors are obligated promptly to pay in full in cash when due and payable under the Fresenius Settlement Agreement. The remainder will be satisfied as Priority Tax Claims under the Plan or as otherwise agreed with the relevant taxing authorities. To the extent these tax claims are not paid in full in cash prior to the Effective Date, and they are Fresenius Indemnified Taxes, they are tax obligations that the Debtors are obligated under the Fresenius Settlement Agreement promptly to pay in full in cash when due and payable.

2.8.2.3 Non-Core Liabilities

The projected book value of non-core liabilities, <u>estimated</u> as of December 31, 2004, is \$\frac{\$501}{approximately \$487}\$ million. This amount consists of the following obligations: \$\frac{\$186}{190}\$ million of post-retirement—and, pension benefits (not including the qualified pension plan) and other employee liabilities, \$107 million of unliquidated environmental Claims, \$50 million of Priority Tax Claims paid over time (unless there are obligations for Fresenius Indemnified Taxes in which case they will be paid promptly in full in cash as they become due and payable) and other tax contingencies, \$5737 million of other non-core accrued liabilities, \$3 million of capital leases, and \$98100 million for other unliquidated Claims. The value of these non-core liabilities could be higher or lower, depending on, among other things, the resolution of Claims, the timing of certain payments, and the use of contingency.

4.2 PROVISIONS FOR PAYMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES AND PRIORITY TAX CLAIMS

Article 2 of the Plan deals with unclassified Claims. In accordance with Bankruptcy Code § 1123(a)(1), Administrative Expense Claims and Priority Tax Claims are not classified and are excluded from the Classes set forth in Article 3 of the Plan. These Claims are not considered impaired and they do not vote on the Plan because they are automatically entitled to specific treatment provided for them in the Bankruptcy Code or upon such other less favorable terms as may be mutually agreed upon between the Holder of such unclassified Claim and the Reorganized Debtors or otherwise established pursuant to an order of the Bankruptcy Court: provided, however, that each Holder of a Claim for Fresenius Indemnified Taxes promptly shall be paid in full in cash as such Fresenius Indemnified Taxes become due and payable.

The Debtors estimate the total of all Allowed Administrative Expense Claims on the Effective Date to be approximately \$75 million and 138 million. This amount consists of approximately \$76 million expected to be paid on the Effective Date or as soon as practicable thereafter (including \$15 million of environmental Claims, \$3 million of accrued fees for letters of credit, \$8 million of post-petition special pension arrangements, and \$50 million of other administrative expenses, including professional fees, exit financing costs and unknown contingencies), and approximately \$62 million expected to be paid after the Effective Date (including \$35 million of environmental Claims and \$27 million of other contracts). The Debtors estimate the total of all Allowed Priority Tax Claims on the Effective Date to be approximately \$232 million. ¹² Of this amount, approximately \$182 million is expected to be paid on or before the Effective Date in settlement of assessed or asserted income tax claims and approximately \$50 million is expected to be paid over time in accordance with the Plan. ¹⁶

The remainder of Article 2 of the Plan delineates in detail the treatment of these unclassified Claims, including treatment of liabilities incurred in the ordinary course of business, fee applications by Professionals and payment of interest to Holders of Priority Tax Claims paid out over time, subject to the requirements of the Fresenius Settlement Agreement.

Each of these figures are in this Section 4.2 is consistent with the Debtors' books and records and includes the Debtors' estimates for certain Claims that are disputed, which Claims may ultimately be determined to be significantly higher or lower.

4.3.1.9 Class 9. General Unsecured Claims

Class 9 consists of all General Unsecured Claims against the Debtors.

Each Holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim shall be paid the Allowed Amount of its General Unsecured Claim on the GUC Distribution Date. Such payment shall be either (i) in full, plus post-petition interest, for those Claimants who, but for the Filing of the Chapter 11 Cases, would be entitled to accrue or be paid interest on such Claim in a non-default (or non-overdue payment) situation under applicable non-bankruptey law, such payment to be 85% in Egash and 15% in Parent Common Stock, such Parent Common Stock being subject to, among other things, the transactions described in Section 7.2.2 of the Plan, and the Management Stock Incentive Plan, or (ii) upon such other less favorable terms as may be mutually agreed upon between the Holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim and the Reorganized Debtors.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, each Holder of a Claim for Fresenius Indemnified Taxes shall be paid promptly in full in cash by the Reorganized Debtors as such Fresenius Indemnified Taxes become due and payable.

Post-petition interest shall accrue from the Petition Date through the date of payment and shall be (i) for the Holders of Claims under the Debtors' pre-petition bank credit facilities, at a rate of 6.09% per annum, compounded quarterly, (ii) for the Holders of Claims who, but for the Filing of the Chapter 11 Cases would be entitled under a contract or otherwise to accrue or be paid interest on such Claim in a non-default (or non-overdue payment) situation under applicable non-bankruptcy law, the rate provided in the contract between a Debtor(s) and the Claimant or such rate as may otherwise apply under applicable non-bankruptcy law, or (iii) for all other Holders of Class 9 Claims, at a rate of 4.19% per annum (the federal judgment rate as of the Petition Date), compounded annually, 18

The Parent Common Stock paid to the Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims in accordance with Section 3.1.103.1.9(b) of the Plan shall be valued at the average of the closing prices on The New York Stock Exchange for the trading days within the thirty (30) calendar days immediately preceding the GUC Distribution Date. The trading price on the GUC Distribution Date could be higher or lower than such average. The Parent Common Stock

In consideration for the treatment provided to Class 9 Claims, the Unsecured Creditors' Committee has agreed to be a Plan Proponent of the Debtors' Amended Joint Plan filed on or about January 13, 2005 as the same may be amended from time to time with the consent of the Unsecured Creditors' Committee (the "Plan"). The Unsecured Creditors' Committee and the Debtors have agreed that the Unsecured Creditors' Committee has the right to withdraw as a Plan Proponent on the occurrence of any of the following circumstances: (i) failure of the Court to approve the Disclosure Statement incorporating the Plan no later than November 30, 2005; (ii) determination by the Court that the Plan is not confirmable and the failure to file an amended Plan within 60 days; (iii) determination by the Court that the Debtors are insolvent; (iv) termination of the Debtors' exclusive period; (v) withdrawal of the Plan by the Plan Proponents and the failure of the Plan Proponents to file a new Plan within 60 days; or (vi) failure of the Plan to become effective on or before January 1, 2007. This agreement does not commit any member of the Unsecured Creditors' Committee or any creditor to vote for the Plan. The parties intend to memorialize their agreement in a plan support agreement. In consideration for the treatment provided to Class 9 Claims, certain substantial Claimants have also agreed to support the Plan.

may be subject to material price volatility and may trade up or down after the GUC Distribution Date.

The Debtors estimate the total of all Allowed General Unsecured Claims to be approximately \$9511,175 million as of September 30, 2004. This amount consists of \$500 million of principal and approximately \$121 million of accrued interest under the Debtors' pre-petition bank credit facilities, approximately \$223 million of environmental Claims, approximately \$14 million of amounts drawn under drawn letters of credit (including accrued interest), \$36 million of accounts payable including accrued interest, \$87 million of asbestos Claims subject to pre-petition judgments or agreements (including accrued interest), \$10 million of insurance and other Claims, and \$198 million of other unliquidated liabilities (including \$72 million of unliquidated environmental), which are conservatively estimated to be Class 9 Claims when and if Allowed. These unliquidated liabilities are not projected to be Allowed General Unsecured Claims at the Effective Date.

Class 9 is impaired as Class 9 Claimants are to received 15% of the Allowed Amount of their Claims in the form of stock, the value of which may be volatile and cannot be guaranteed. The Debtors are soliciting the votes of Holders of the General Unsecured Claims in Class 9 to accept or reject the Plan in the manner and to the extent provided in the Confirmation Procedures Order.

This figure is consistent with the Debtors' books and records and includes the Debtors' estimates for certain Claims that are disputed, which Claims may ultimately be determined to be significantly higher or lower.

7.1 Bankruptcy Code § 1129 Generally

At the Confirmation Hearing, the Court will determine whether the confirmation requirements of Bankruptcy Code § 1129 have been satisfied. If so, the Court will enter the Confirmation Order. The Debtors believe that the Plan satisfies or will satisfy the applicable requirements for confirmation, as follows:

- The Plan complies with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code. See 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(1).
- The Debtors, as proponents of the Plan, have complied with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code. See 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(2).
- The Plan has been proposed in good faith and not by any means forbidden by law. See 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(3).
- Any payment made or promised by the Debtors, or by an Entity acquiring property under the Plan, for services or for costs and expenses in or in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases, or in connection with the Plan and incident to the Chapter 11 Cases, has been disclosed to the Court, and any such payment made before the confirmation of the Plan is reasonable, or if such payment is to be fixed after confirmation of the Plan, such payment is subject to the approval of the Court as reasonable. See 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(4).
- The Debtors have disclosed the identity and affiliations of any individual proposed to serve, after confirmation of the Plan, as a director, officer, or voting trustee of the Debtors, and the appointment to, or continuance in, such office of such individual, is consistent with the interests of Claimants and Equity Holders and with public policy, and the Debtors have disclosed the identity of any insider that will be employed or retained by the Reorganized Debtors, and the nature of any compensation for such insider. See 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(5).
- With respect to each Class of impaired Claims or Equity Interests, either each Holder of a Claim or Equity Interest of such Class has accepted the Plan, or will receive or retain under the Plan on account of such Claim or Equity Interest property of a value, as of the Effective Date of the Plan, that is not less than the amount that such Holder would so receive or retain if the Debtors were liquidated on such date under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code; or if Bankruptcy Code § 1111(b)(2) applies to the Claims of such Class, each Holder of a Claim will receive or retain under the Plan on account of such Claim property of a value, as of the Effective Date of the Plan, that is not less than the value of such Holder's interest in the Debtors' estates' interest in the property that secures such Claims. See 11 U.S.C. §1129(a)(7).
- Each Class of Claims or Equity Interests that is entitled to vote on the Plan has either accepted the Plan or is not Impaired under the Plan, or the Plan can be confirmed without the approval of each voting Class pursuant to section 1129(b) of the

Bankruptcy Code. (See Disclosure Statement Sections 7.7.1 & 7.2.1.) See 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(8).

- Except to the extent that the Holder of a particular Claim has agreed to a different treatment of such Claim and subject to the Fresenius Settlement Agreement, the Plan provides that Allowed Administrative Expense Claims and Allowed Priority Claims will be paid in full on the Effective Date, or as reasonably practicable thereafter, and that Allowed Priority Tax Claims will receive, on account of such Allowed Claims, payment in full on the Effective Date or as reasonably practicable thereafter, or deferred Ccash payments plus interest, over a period not exceeding six years after the date of assessment of such Claim, of a value, as of the Effective Date, equal to the Allowed amount of such Claim. See 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(9).
- At least one Class of impaired Claims has accepted the Plan, determined without including any acceptance of the Plan by any insider holding a Claim of such Class. See 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(10).
- Confirmation of the Plan is not likely to be followed by the liquidation, or the need for further financial reorganization, of the Debtors or any successor to the Debtors under the Plan, unless such liquidation or reorganization is proposed in the Plan. See 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(11).
- The Plan must provide that the quarterly fees required under 28 U.S.C. § 1930 have been paid or that they will be paid on the Effective Date of the Plan. See 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(12).
- The Plan must provide for the continuation after the Effective Date of payment of all retiree benefits (as that term is defined in Bankruptcy Code § 1114) at the level established pursuant to Bankruptcy Code § 1114(e)(1)(B) or § 1114(g), at any time prior to confirmation of the Plan, for the duration of the period the Debtor has obligated itself to provide such benefits. See 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(13).

Bankruptcy Code § 524(g) further provides that, in order for the Asbestos Channeling Injunction to be enforceable, the Plan must provide for a section 524(g) trust that will, among other things:

- assume the liabilities of a debtor which at the time of entry of the order for relief has
 been named as a defendant in personal injury, wrongful death, or property damage
 actions seeking recovery for damages allegedly caused by the presence of, or
 exposure to, asbestos or asbestos-containing products; see Bankruptcy Code §
 524(g)(2)(B)(i)(I)
- be funded in whole or in part by the securities of one (1) or more debtors involved in the Plan and by the obligation of such debtor or debtors to make future payments, including dividends; see Bankruptcy Code § 524(g)(2)(B)(i)(II)

- own, or by the exercise of rights granted under the Plan would be entitled to own if specified contingencies occur, a majority of the voting shares of -
 - each such debtor;
 - the parent corporation of each such debtor; or
 - a subsidiary of each such debtor that is also a debtor; <u>see</u> Bankruptcy Code § 524(g)(2)(B)(i)(III) and
- is to use its assets or income to pay Claims and Demands; see Bankruptcy Code § 524(g)(2)(B)(i)(IV).

The Debtors believe that the Plan satisfies all of the statutory requirements of Bankruptcy Code §§ 1129 and 524(g).

2.3 PRIORITY TAX CLAIMS

Each Holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim shall be paid the Allowed Amount of its Priority Tax Claim, at the option of the Reorganized Debtors, either (i) in full, in Ccash, by the Reorganized Debtors, on the Effective Date or as soon as practicable thereafter, or (ii) upon such other less favorable terms as may be mutually agreed upon between the Holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim and the Reorganized Debtors, or (iii) in equal quarterly Ccash payments on the Initial Distribution Date and, thereafter, on each Quarterly Tax Distribution Date in an aggregate amount equal to such Allowed Priority Tax Claim, together with interest at 3.5% per annum, over a period not exceeding six (6) years after the date of assessment of such Allowed Priority Tax Claim, or upon such other terms determined by the Bankruptcy Court, which will provide the Holder of such Allowed Priority Tax Claim deferred Ccash payments having a value, as of the Effective Date, equal to such Allowed Priority Tax Claim; provided, however, that each Holder of a Claim for Fresenius Indemnified Taxes promptly shall be paid in full in cash as such Fresenius Indemnified Taxes become due and payable.

3.1.9 Class 9. General Unsecured Claims

(a) Classification

Class 9 consists of all General Unsecured Claims against the Debtors.

(b) Treatment

Each Holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim shall be paid the Allowed Amount of its General Unsecured Claim on the GUC Distribution Date. Such payment shall be either (i) in full, plus post-petition interest, for those Claimants who, but for the Filing of the Chapter 11 Cases, would be entitled to accrue or be paid interest on such Claim in a non default (or non-overdue payment) situation under applicable non bankruptev law, such payment to be 85% in Ecash and 15% in Parent Common Stock, such Parent Common Stock being subject to, among other things, the transactions described in Section 7.2.2 of this Plan, and the Management Stock Incentive Plan, or (ii) upon such other less favorable terms as may be mutually agreed upon between the Holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim and the Reorganized Debtors. Notwithstanding the foregoing, each Holder of a Claim for Fresenius Indemnified Taxes shall be paid promptly in full in cash by the Reorganized Debtors as such Fresenius Indemnified Taxes become due and payable.

Post-petition interest shall accrue from the filing date through the date of payment and shall be (i) for the Holders of the Debtors' pre-petition bank credit facilities, at a rate of 6.09% per annum, compounded quarterly, (ii) for the Holders of Claims who, but for the Filing of the Chapter 11 Cases would be entitled under a contract or otherwise to accrue or be paid interest on such Claim in a non-default (or non-overdue payment) situation under applicable non-bankruptcy law, the rate provided in the contract between a Debtor(s) and the Claimant or such rate as may otherwise apply under applicable non-bankruptcy law, or (iii) for all other Holders of Class 9 Claims, at a rate of 4.19% per annum (the federal judgment rate as of the Petition Date), compounded annually.

The Parent Common Stock paid to the Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims in accordance with this Section 3.1.9(b) shall be valued at the average of the closing prices on The New York Stock Exchange for the trading days within the thirty (30) calendar days immediately preceding the GUC Distribution Date.

(c) Impairment and Voting

Class 9 is impaired. The Debtors are soliciting the votes of Holders of the General Unsecured Claims in Class 9 to accept or reject this Plan in the manner and to the extent provided in the Confirmation Procedures Order.

7.6.1 Findings of Fact and/or Conclusions of Law

The Court shall have made the following findings of fact and/or conclusions of law, among others, substantially to the effect as follows, in connection with the confirmation of this Plan, each of which shall be expressly set forth in the Confirmation Order:

- (a) The Plan complies with all applicable sections of the Bankruptcy Code, including Bankruptcy Code § 524(g);
- (b) Claimants in Classes 6 through 8 shall be deemed to have voted for acceptance under the Plan in the requisite numbers and amounts required by Bankruptcy Code §§ 524(g), 1126 and 1129;
- (c) As of the Petition Date, the Debtors have been named as defendants in personal injury, wrongful death, or property damage actions seeking recovery for damages allegedly caused by the presence of, or exposure to, asbestos or asbestos-containing products;
- (d) On the Effective Date, the Asbestos Trust shall assume the liabilities of the Debtors and the Canadian Affiliates with respect to all Asbestos Claims;
- (e) The Asbestos Trust is to be funded in part by securities of the Parent and by the obligations of the Reorganized Parent to make future payments;
- (f) On the Effective Date, the Asbestos Trust would be entitled to own (if specific contingencies occur), the majority of the voting shares of the Reorganized Parent, by exercise of rights granted under the Plan;
- (g) The Asbestos Trust is to use the Asbestos Trust Assets to pay Asbestos Claims;
- (h) The Debtors and the Canadian Affiliates are likely to be subject to substantial Demands for payment arising out of the same or similar conduct or events that gave rise to the Asbestos Claims, which Demands are addressed by the Asbestos Channeling Injunction, the Asbestos Insurance Entity Injunction and the Released Matters Injunction;
- (i) The actual amounts, numbers, and timing of Demands cannot be determined;
- (j) Pursuit of Demands outside the procedures prescribed by the Plan is likely to threaten the Plan's purpose to deal equitably with the Asbestos Claims and Demands:

- (k) The terms of the Asbestos Channeling Injunction, the Asbestos Insurance Entity Injunction, and the Released Matters Injunction, including any provisions barring actions against third parties, are set out in the Plan in accordance with the requirements of Bankruptcy Rule 3016(c) and are adequately described in the Disclosure Statement;
- (l) Pursuant to Court orders or otherwise, the Asbestos Trust shall operate through mechanisms such as structured, periodic, or supplemental payments, matrices, or periodic review of estimates of the numbers and values of Asbestos Claims or Demands, or other comparable mechanisms that provide reasonable assurance that the Asbestos Trust shall value, and be in a position to pay, Asbestos Claims or Demands that involve similar claims in substantially the same manner:
- (m) The FCR shall have been appointed by the Court as part of the proceedings leading to the issuance of the Asbestos Channeling Injunction, the Asbestos Insurance Entity Injunction, and the Released Matters Injunction for the purpose of, among other things, protecting the rights of Entities that might subsequently assert Demands of the kind that are addressed in the Asbestos Channeling Injunction, the Asbestos Insurance Entity Injunction, and the Released Matters Injunction and transferred to the Asbestos Trust;
- (n) In light of the benefits provided, or to be provided, to the Asbestos Trust by, or on behalf of, each Asbestos Protected Party, the Asbestos Channeling Injunction is fair and equitable with respect to the Entities that might subsequently assert Demands against any Asbestos Protected Party;
- (o) The Asbestos Channeling Injunction, the Asbestos Insurance Entity Injunction and the Released Matters Injunction are to be implemented in connection with the Plan and the Plan Documents;
- (p) The Asbestos Channeling Injunction is essential to the Plan and the Debtors' reorganization efforts;
- (q) An identity of interests exists among the Debtors and the Asbestos Protected Parties such that a Claim asserted against any of the Asbestos Protected Parties gives rise to a Claim against the Debtors, including by the operation of the law of indemnity and/or contribution;
- (r) The Sealed Air Payment to the Asbestos Trust, together with the Debtors' Payment, and the Fresenius Payment constitute both (i) substantial assets of the Plan and the reorganization, and (ii) a fair,

- reasonable, and equitable settlement of all Asbestos Claims asserted against any Asbestos Protected Party;
- (s) As of the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtors have the ability to pay and satisfy in the ordinary course of business all of their respective obligations and liabilities as set forth in, including all Fresenius Indemnified Taxes and other liabilities under, the Fresenius Settlement Agreement and the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement;
- (t) Upon the transfer of the Sealed Air Common Stock to the Asbestos Trust, the Trustees shall represent and warrant and agree (on behalf of the Asbestos Trust) with Sealed Air, that the Asbestos Trust is acquiring the Sealed Air Common Stock for its own account for investment and not with a view toward distribution in a manner which would violate the Securities Act and the Asbestos Trust and its transferees will comply with all filing and other reporting obligations under all applicable laws which shall be applicable to such Asbestos Trust with respect to the Sealed Air Common Stock.
- (u) Upon confirmation and consummation of the Plan, each of the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Agreement and the Fresenius Settlement Agreement Order shall be in full force and effect.
- (v) The Court shall have found that the aggregate of the Asbestos PI-SE Class Fund, the Asbestos PD Class Fund, and the Asbestos Trust Expenses Fund is not greater than one billion, four hundred eighty three million (\$1,483,000,000).²
- (w) The Court shall have found the Asbestos PI-AO Class Fund is not greater than one hundred thirty million (\$130,000,000).
- (x) The Court has entered an order finding that Class 6, Class 7, and Class 8 are unimpaired.
- (y) The Court has entered the Confirmation Order granting the Asbestos Channeling Injunction, the Asbestos Insurance Entity Injunction, and the Released Matters Injunction to take effect as of the Effective Date.
- (z) The terms of the Plan and the Confirmation Order thereof do not violate any obligation of the Debtors, the Canadian Affiliates or

² This figure does not include Asbestos PD Claims that are fully secured by an appeal bond in the case of Solow, et al. v W. R. Grace & Co.-Conn currently pending in the New York Supreme Court, Appellate Division.

- any Asbestos Insurance Entity under any Asbestos Insurance Policy or Asbestos Insurance Settlement Agreement.
- (aa) The terms of the Plan and the Confirmation Order do not violate any obligation of the Debtors, the Canadian Affiliates or any Asbestos Insurance Entity under any consent-to-settlement, cooperation, management-of-claims, or no-action provision of any Asbestos Insurance Policy or Asbestos Insurance Settlement Agreement.
- (bb) The confirmation and/or recognition of the Plan does not materially increase any Asbestos Insurance Entity's risk of providing coverage for the asbestos-related liabilities under the Asbestos Insurance Policies as compared to the risk that was otherwise being borne by the Asbestos Insurance Entity prior to the Effective Date.
- (cc) The duties and obligations of the Asbestos Insurance Entities under the Asbestos Insurance Policies and Asbestos Insurance Settlement Agreements are not diminished, reduced or eliminated by (1) the discharge, release, and extinguishment of the obligations and liabilities of the Asbestos Protected Parties for and in respect of all Asbestos Claims or (2) the assumption by the Asbestos Trust of responsibility and liability for all Asbestos Claims.
- (dd) All Asbestos Claims shall be channeled to the Asbestos Trust.
- (ee) All Asbestos PI-SE Claims whose Holders elect the Litigation Option or the Canadian Litigation Option, as applicable, shall be litigated by, and at the expense of, the Asbestos Trust in the name of the Asbestos Trust.
- (ff) All Allowed PI-SE Claims shall be paid by the Asbestos Trust out of the Asbestos PI-SE Class Fund, which shall be funded solely by the Sealed Air Payment and the Parent Common Stock component of the Debtors' Payment, if necessary.
- (gg) All Allowed PI-AO Claims shall be paid initially by the Asbestos Trust out of the Asbestos PI-AO Class Fund, which shall be funded solely by the Warrants.
- (hh) All Asbestos PI-AO Claims whose Holders elect the Litigation Option or the Canadian Litigation Option, as applicable, shall be litigated by the Reorganized Debtors or the Canadian Affiliates, as applicable, in the name of the Asbestos Trust, initially at the expense of the Asbestos Trust out of the Asbestos PI-AO Class Fund.
- (ii) After the exhaustion of the Asbestos PI-AO Class Fund in its entirety, all Allowed PI-AO Claims shall be paid in Ecash by the

- Asbestos Trust from funds to be paid to the Asbestos Trust by the Reorganized Debtors, such funds being in addition to the Debtors' Payment.
- (jj) Although the litigation of Asbestos PI-AO Claims and Asbestos PI-SE Claims both are or will be in the name of the Asbestos Trust, the Asbestos Trust is the true party in interest in defending and/or objecting to Asbestos PI-SE Claims whereas, the Reorganized Debtors are the true parties in interest in defending and/or objecting to Asbestos PI-AO Claims.
- (kk) There is no unity of economic interest between the Asbestos Trust in the context of the litigation of Asbestos PI-SE Claims and the Reorganized Debtors, acting nominally for the Asbestos Trust, in the context of the litigation of Asbestos PI-AO Claims.
- (ll) Any findings of fact or conclusions of law arising out of the adjudication of any disputed Asbestos PI-SE Claims by the Asbestos Trust, and in which the Reorganized Debtors shall not appear as parties in interest and shall not participate directly, will not have collateral estoppel or any other preclusive effect on the Reorganized Debtors and/or the Asbestos Trust in the context of adjudication of any disputed Asbestos PI-AO Claim.

This Plan shall not be confirmed and the Confirmation Order shall not be entered until and unless each of the foregoing conditions to confirmation is either satisfied or waived by the Debtors and by Sealed Air and Fresenius with respect to the conditions set forth in paragraphs 7.6.1(r) and 7.6.1(s) above, and by Sealed Air with respect to the condition set forth in paragraph 7.6.1(t) above.

TAB 2

4.8.5 <u>Injunctions and Releases Related to the Sealed Air Indemnified</u> Parties and the Fresenius Indemnified Parties

As required by the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Agreement and the Fresenius Settlement Order, the injunctions and releases outlined in the Plan herein, including the Asbestos Channeling Injunction and the Released Matters Injunction, and provided under Bankruptcy Code §§ 105(a) and 524(g), shall absolutely and unequivocally extend to and protect the Sealed Air Indemnified Parties and the Fresenius Indemnified Parties.

4.8.7.3 Plan § 8.6.3 Release of Fresenius Indemnified Parties

Upon receipt of the Fresenius Payment, the Debtors, the Reorganized Debtors, the Asbestos PI Committee and the Asbestos PD Committee will fully, finally and forever release, relinquish and discharge each and every Fresenius Indemnified Party from any and all Grace-Related Claims, as that term is defined in the Fresenius Settlement Agreement, that the Debtors, the Reorganized Debtors, the Asbestos PI Committee or the Asbestos PD Committee have asserted or could have asserted in the Bankruptcy Court or any other forum against any of the Fresenius Indemnified Parties and the release that is attached as Appendix B to the Fresenius Settlement Agreement shall become effective. Upon receipt of the Fresenius Payment, in addition to the more limited duties of indemnification by the Debtors to the Fresenius Indemnified Parties under Article III of the Fresenius Settlement Agreement, the Debtors and the Reorganized Debtors shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless the Fresenius Indemnified Parties as provided in and to the extent set forth in the Fresenius Settlement Agreement.

4.8.7.6 Effect of the Fresenius Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Order, and the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan, any of the Plan Documents, or the Confirmation Order, nothing in the Plan, any of the Plan Documents or the Confirmation Order (including any other provisions that purports to be preemptory or supervening) shall in any way operate to, or have the effect of, impairing or limiting the legal, equitable or contractual rights or obligations of the Sealed Air Indemnified Parties, the Fresenius Indemnified Parties or the Debtors, the Reorganized Debtors and the Non-Debtor Affiliates, respectively, pursuant to the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Agreement or the Fresenius Settlement Order, as applicable, each of which is expressly made a part of the Plan and incorporated in the Plan by reference.

The Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Agreement and the Fresenius Settlement Order set forth certain preconditions to the making of the Sealed Air Payment and/or the Fresenius Payment and the Debtors intend by the Plan to fulfill each and every such precondition whether expressly or impliedly outlined herein. Those preconditions include but are not necessarily limited to the following:

- Releases by the Reorganized Debtors and the Non-Debtor Affiliates:
- Releases by the Holders of certain Claims, including but not limited to asbestos related Claims;
- <u>Issuance of a permanent injunction under Bankruptcy Code § 105(a)</u> and a channeling injunction under Bankruptcy Code § 524(g);
- <u>Indemnification of the Fresenius Indemnified Parties and Sealed Air Indemnified Parties by the Reorganized Debtors and the Non-Debtor Affiliates;</u>
- Dismissal of certain actions, including but not limited to the Fraudulent Conveyance Adversary Proceeding, as outlined in the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Agreement and the Fresenius Settlement Order; and
- <u>A Confirmation Order containing a determination that, as of the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtors have the ability to pay and satisfy in the ordinary course of business their respective obligations under the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement and the Fresenius Settlement Agreement.</u>

8.5 Injunctions and Releases Related to the Sealed Air Indemnified Parties and Fresenius Indemnified Parties

As required by the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Agreement, and the Fresenius Settlement Order, the injunctions and releases outlined in this Plan, including the Asbestos Channeling Injunction and the Released Matters Injunction and provided under Bankruptcy Code §§ 105(a) and 524(g), shall absolutely and unequivocally extend to and protect the Sealed Air Indemnified Parties and the Fresenius Indemnified Parties.

8.7.3 8.6.3 Release of Fresenius Indemnified Parties

Upon receipt of the Fresenius Payment, the Debtors, the Reorganized Debtors, the Asbestos PI Committee and the Asbestos PD Committee will fully, finally and forever release, relinquish and discharge each and every Fresenius Indemnified Party from any and all Grace-Related Claims, as that term is defined in the Fresenius Settlement Agreement, that the Debtors, the Reorganized Debtors, the Asbestos PI Committee or the Asbestos PD Committee have asserted or could have asserted in the Bankruptcy Court or any other forum against any of the Fresenius Indemnified Parties and the release that is attached as Appendix B to the Fresenius Settlement Agreement shall become effective. Upon receipt of the Fresenius Payment, in addition to the more limited duties of indemnification by the Debtors to the Fresenius Indemnified Parties under Article III of the Fresenius Settlement Agreement, the Debtors and the Reorganized Debtors shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless the Fresenius Indemnified Parties as provided in and to the extent set forth in the Fresenius Settlement Agreement.

8.7.6 Effect of the Fresenius Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Order, and the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Plan, any of the Plan Documents, or the Confirmation Order, nothing in this Plan, any of the Plan Documents or the Confirmation Order (including any other provisions that purports to be preemptory or supervening) shall in any way operate to, or have the effect of, impairing or limiting the legal, equitable or contractual rights or obligations of the Sealed Air Indemnified Parties, the Fresenius Indemnified Parties or the Debtors, the Reorganized Debtors and the Non-Debtor Affiliates, respectively, pursuant to the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Agreement or the Fresenius Settlement Order, as applicable, each of which is expressly made a part of this Plan and incorporated in this Plan by reference.

The Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Agreement, and the Fresenius Settlement Order set forth certain preconditions to the making of the Sealed Air Payment and/or the Fresenius Payment and the Debtors intend by this Plan to fulfill each and every such precondition whether expressly or impliedly outlined in the Plan Documents.

TAB 3

4.8.7.6 Effect of the Fresenius Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Order, and the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan, any of the Plan Documents, or the Confirmation Order, nothing in the Plan, any of the Plan Documents or the Confirmation Order (including any other provisions that purports to be preemptory or supervening) shall in any way operate to, or have the effect of, impairing or limiting the legal, equitable or contractual rights or obligations of the Sealed Air Indemnified Parties, the Fresenius Indemnified Parties or the Debtors, the Reorganized Debtors and the Non-Debtor Affiliates, respectively, pursuant to the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Agreement or the Fresenius Settlement Order, as applicable, each of which is expressly made a part of the Plan and incorporated in the Plan by reference.

The Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Agreement and the Fresenius Settlement Order set forth certain preconditions to the making of the Sealed Air Payment and/or the Fresenius Payment and the Debtors intend by the Plan to fulfill each and every such precondition whether expressly or impliedly outlined herein. Those preconditions include but are not necessarily limited to the following:

- Releases by the Reorganized Debtors and the Non-Debtor Affiliates;
- Releases by the Holders of certain Claims, including but not limited to asbestos related Claims;
- <u>Issuance of a permanent injunction under Bankruptcy Code § 105(a)</u>
 and a channeling injunction under Bankruptcy Code § 524(g);
- Indemnification of the Fresenius Indemnified Parties and Sealed Air Indemnified Parties by the Reorganized Debtors and the Non-Debtor Affiliates;
- <u>Dismissal of certain actions, including but not limited to the Fraudulent Conveyance Adversary Proceeding, as outlined in the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Agreement and the Fresenius Settlement Order; and</u>
- <u>A Confirmation Order containing a determination that, as of the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtors have the ability to pay and satisfy in the ordinary course of business their respective obligations under the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement and the Fresenius Settlement Agreement.</u>

8.7.6 Effect of the Fresenius Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Order, and the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Plan, any of the Plan Documents, or the Confirmation Order, nothing in this Plan, any of the Plan Documents or the Confirmation Order (including any other provisions that purports to be preemptory or supervening) shall in any way operate to, or have the effect of, impairing or limiting the legal, equitable or contractual rights or obligations of the Sealed Air Indemnified Parties, the Fresenius Indemnified Parties or the Debtors, the Reorganized Debtors and the Non-Debtor Affiliates, respectively, pursuant to the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Agreement or the Fresenius Settlement Order, as applicable, each of which is expressly made a part of this Plan and incorporated in this Plan by reference.

The Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Agreement, and the Fresenius Settlement Order set forth certain preconditions to the making of the Sealed Air Payment and/or the Fresenius Payment and the Debtors intend by this Plan to fulfill each and every such precondition whether expressly or impliedly outlined in the Plan Documents.

TAB 4

4.8.7.6 Effect of the Fresenius Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Order, and the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan, any of the Plan Documents, or the Confirmation Order, nothing in the Plan, any of the Plan Documents or the Confirmation Order (including any other provisions that purports to be preemptory or supervening) shall in any way operate to, or have the effect of, impairing or limiting the legal, equitable or contractual rights or obligations of the Sealed Air Indemnified Parties, the Fresenius Indemnified Parties or the Debtors, the Reorganized Debtors and the Non-Debtor Affiliates, respectively, pursuant to the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Agreement or the Fresenius Settlement Order, as applicable, each of which is expressly made a part of the Plan and incorporated in the Plan by reference.

The Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Agreement and the Fresenius Settlement Order set forth certain preconditions to the making of the Sealed Air Payment and/or the Fresenius Payment and the Debtors intend by the Plan to fulfill each and every such precondition whether expressly or impliedly outlined herein. Those preconditions include but are not necessarily limited to the following:

- Releases by the Reorganized Debtors and the Non-Debtor Affiliates:
- <u>Releases by the Holders of certain Claims, including but not limited to asbestos related Claims:</u>
- <u>Issuance of a permanent injunction under Bankruptcy Code § 105(a)</u>
 and a channeling injunction under Bankruptcy Code § 524(g);
- Indemnification of the Fresenius Indemnified Parties and Sealed Air Indemnified Parties by the Reorganized Debtors and the Non-Debtor Affiliates;
- <u>Dismissal of certain actions, including but not limited to the Fraudulent Conveyance Adversary Proceeding, as outlined in the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Agreement and the Fresenius Settlement Order; and</u>
- <u>A Confirmation Order containing a determination that, as of the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtors have the ability to pay and satisfy in the ordinary course of business their respective obligations under the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement and the Fresenius Settlement Agreement.</u>

7.1 Bankruptcy Code § 1129 Generally

At the Confirmation Hearing, the Court will determine whether the confirmation requirements of Bankruptcy Code § 1129 have been satisfied. If so, the Court will enter the Confirmation Order. The Debtors believe that the Plan satisfies or will satisfy the applicable requirements for confirmation, as follows:

- The Plan complies with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code. See 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(1).
- The Debtors, as proponents of the Plan, have complied with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code. See 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(2).
- The Plan has been proposed in good faith and not by any means forbidden by law. See 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(3).
- Any payment made or promised by the Debtors, or by an Entity acquiring property under the Plan, for services or for costs and expenses in or in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases, or in connection with the Plan and incident to the Chapter 11 Cases, has been disclosed to the Court, and any such payment made before the confirmation of the Plan is reasonable, or if such payment is to be fixed after confirmation of the Plan, such payment is subject to the approval of the Court as reasonable. See 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(4).
- The Debtors have disclosed the identity and affiliations of any individual proposed to serve, after confirmation of the Plan, as a director, officer, or voting trustee of the Debtors, and the appointment to, or continuance in, such office of such individual, is consistent with the interests of Claimants and Equity Holders and with public policy, and the Debtors have disclosed the identity of any insider that will be employed or retained by the Reorganized Debtors, and the nature of any compensation for such insider. See 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(5).
- With respect to each Class of impaired Claims or Equity Interests, either each Holder of a Claim or Equity Interest of such Class has accepted the Plan, or will receive or retain under the Plan on account of such Claim or Equity Interest property of a value, as of the Effective Date of the Plan, that is not less than the amount that such Holder would so receive or retain if the Debtors were liquidated on such date under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code; or if Bankruptcy Code § 1111(b)(2) applies to the Claims of such Class, each Holder of a Claim will receive or retain under the Plan on account of such Claim property of a value, as of the Effective Date of the Plan, that is not less than the value of such Holder's interest in the Debtors' estates' interest in the property that secures such Claims. See 11 U.S.C. §1129(a)(7).
- Each Class of Claims or Equity Interests that is entitled to vote on the Plan has either accepted the Plan or is not Impaired under the Plan, or the Plan can be confirmed without the approval of each voting Class pursuant to section 1129(b) of the

Bankruptcy Code. (See Disclosure Statement Sections 7.7.1 & 7.2.1.) See 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(8).

- Except to the extent that the Holder of a particular Claim has agreed to a different treatment of such Claim and subject to the Fresenius Settlement Agreement, the Plan provides that Allowed Administrative Expense Claims and Allowed Priority Claims will be paid in full on the Effective Date, or as reasonably practicable thereafter, and that Allowed Priority Tax Claims will receive, on account of such Allowed Claims, payment in full on the Effective Date or as reasonably practicable thereafter, or deferred Geash payments plus interest, over a period not exceeding six years after the date of assessment of such Claim, of a value, as of the Effective Date, equal to the Allowed amount of such Claim. See 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(9).
- At least one Class of impaired Claims has accepted the Plan, determined without including any acceptance of the Plan by any insider holding a Claim of such Class. See 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(10).
- Confirmation of the Plan is not likely to be followed by the liquidation, or the need for further financial reorganization, of the Debtors or any successor to the Debtors under the Plan, unless such liquidation or reorganization is proposed in the Plan. See 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(11).
- The Plan must provide that the quarterly fees required under 28 U.S.C. § 1930 have been paid or that they will be paid on the Effective Date of the Plan. See 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(12).
- The Plan must provide for the continuation after the Effective Date of payment of all retiree benefits (as that term is defined in Bankruptcy Code § 1114) at the level established pursuant to Bankruptcy Code § 1114(e)(1)(B) or § 1114(g), at any time prior to confirmation of the Plan, for the duration of the period the Debtor has obligated itself to provide such benefits. See 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(13).

Bankruptcy Code § 524(g) further provides that, in order for the Asbestos Channeling Injunction to be enforceable, the Plan must provide for a section 524(g) trust that will, among other things:

- assume the liabilities of a debtor which at the time of entry of the order for relief has been named as a defendant in personal injury, wrongful death, or property damage actions seeking recovery for damages allegedly caused by the presence of, or exposure to, asbestos or asbestos-containing products; see Bankruptcy Code § 524(g)(2)(B)(i)(I)
- be funded in whole or in part by the securities of one (1) or more debtors involved in the Plan and by the obligation of such debtor or debtors to make future payments, including dividends; see Bankruptcy Code § 524(g)(2)(B)(i)(II)

- own, or by the exercise of rights granted under the Plan would be entitled to own if specified contingencies occur, a majority of the voting shares of -
 - each such debtor;
 - the parent corporation of each such debtor; or
 - a subsidiary of each such debtor that is also a debtor; see Bankruptcy Code § 524(g)(2)(B)(i)(III) and
- is to use its assets or income to pay Claims and Demands; see Bankruptcy Code § 524(g)(2)(B)(i)(IV).

The Debtors believe that the Plan satisfies all of the statutory requirements of Bankruptcy Code §§ 1129 and 524(g).

8.7.6 Effect of the Fresenius Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Order, and the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Plan, any of the Plan Documents, or the Confirmation Order, nothing in this Plan, any of the Plan Documents or the Confirmation Order (including any other provisions that purports to be preemptory or supervening) shall in any way operate to, or have the effect of, impairing or limiting the legal, equitable or contractual rights or obligations of the Sealed Air Indemnified Parties, the Fresenius Indemnified Parties or the Debtors, the Reorganized Debtors and the Non-Debtor Affiliates, respectively, pursuant to the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Agreement or the Fresenius Settlement Order, as applicable, each of which is expressly made a part of this Plan and incorporated in this Plan by reference.

The Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, the Fresenius Settlement Agreement, and the Fresenius Settlement Order set forth certain preconditions to the making of the Sealed Air Payment and/or the Fresenius Payment and the Debtors intend by this Plan to fulfill each and every such precondition whether expressly or impliedly outlined in the Plan Documents.

TAB 5

2.5.2 Fraudulent Transfer Litigation

In September 2000, Grace was named in a class action suit that was filed in California state court. The suit alleged that Grace's (1) 1996 reorganization transaction with Fresenius and (2) 1998 reorganization transaction with Sealed Air involved fraudulent transfers. Two similar class actions were also filed prior to the Petition Date.

On June 14, 2001, the PD Committee and the PI Committee filed their Joint Motion for Authority to Prosecute Fraudulent Transfer Claims (Docket No. 527), seeking authority to prosecute certain fraudulent transfer and successor liability claims against Sealed Air and Fresenius. Thereafter, the District Court directed the PD Committee and the PI Committee to investigate and ultimately prosecute the claims. On March 18, 2002 the PD Committee and the PI Committee filed the Fraudulent Conveyance Adversary Proceedings on behalf of the Debtors' estate.

In November 2002, Fresenius and Sealed Air announced that they had reached agreements in principle to settle asbestos and fraudulent conveyance claims related to the respective transactions the Fraudulent Conveyance Adversary Proceedings.

In July 2003, the Fresenius Settlement Agreement was approved by the Bankruptey District Court. Subject to certain conditions, Fresenius will pay \$115.0 million to the Debtors' estates as directed by the Bankruptey District Court upon confirmation of the Plan.

Under the terms of the proposed Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, and subject to certain conditions, Sealed Air will make the Sealed Air Payment as directed by the Bankruptey Court upon Cryovac, Inc. will transfer \$512.5 million in cash (plus interest thereon from December 21, 2002 until the Effective Date compounded annually) and 9 million shares of Sealed Air Common Stock to the Asbestos Trust. This payment constitutes the initial and primary funding under the Plan for the Asbestos Trust. This payment is critically important in order to achieve confirmation of the Plan.—The Debtors find certain provisions of the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement objectionable, including the issues outlined below:

The Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, as proposed, would restrict the ability of the Debtors' management to fulfill their legal obligations to file accurate and complete tax returns and financial statements as required by the IRS and the SEC, respectively, thereby exposing the Debtors to potentially significant penalties and the Debtors' management to potential personal and criminal liability;

On November 26, 2003, Sealed Air, the PI Committee and the PD Committee filed a motion seeking approval of the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement (the "Settlement Motion"). Due to a stay imposed in connection with the proceedings to have Judge Wolin removed from the Debtors' cases, among other cases, no objection deadline or hearing date has ever been set on the Settlement Motion and it remains pending with the District Court. On November 24, 2004, the Debtors filed a Motion with District Judge Buckwalter seeking referral of the Settlement Motion to the Bankruptcy Court (the "Referral Motion") (Docket No. 7036). The Referral Motion is scheduled to be heard before the District Court

on January 18, 2005. Sealed Air has indicated it does not object to the Referral Motion (Obj. of Sealed Air, at p.3, n.1).

The Debtors are not parties to the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement. The Debtors, Sealed Air, the PI Committee and the PD Committee negotiated for some six months to reach an agreement on an acceptable settlement structure. The great majority of the significant issues were resolved. However, there were certain issues, set forth below, that resulted in the Debtors not becoming a party the Settlement Agreement.

The Plan and Disclosure Statement are intended to be and the Debtors believe are in fact, consistent with the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement. In an effort to accelerate the process of obtaining confirmation of the Plan, the Debtors do not plan to object to, and are prepared to go forward with, the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement. The Debtors have clarified this position in this Disclosure Statement and the Plan. The Unsecured Creditors' Committee reserves its right to file an objection or other appropriate pleading with respect to the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement.

<u>However, the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement raises the following issues that the Debtors believe they are required to disclose as part of the Plan confirmation process:</u>

- The Sealed Air Settlement Agreement would impose on the Debtors a requirement to take positions on their financial statements and tax returns that would not be inconsistent with Sealed Air achieving favorable tax treatment for the Sealed Air Payment. While the Debtors generally believe that they can comply with such requirements, the Debtors and their executives are concerned that a conflict could arise between the Debtors' obligations under the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement and their fiduciary duties and legal obligations to governmental authorities, including those imposed by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- The IRS may assert that the Sealed Air Payment gives rise to taxable income to the Debtors without any offsetting deduction. Grace firmly believes that this characterization would be incorrect under current law. Nonetheless, if the IRS were to successfully raise this issue, the dollar cost would be substantial and would materially adversely affect the Reorganized Debtors. Under the terms of the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, Grace's rights to defend itself in a tax audit from this IRS assertion may be constrained.
- The Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, as proposed, would provide for the transfer of \$512.5 million plus accrued interest in Cash and 9 million shares of Sealed Air Common Stock for the benefit of Holders of Asbestos Claims, while potentially exposing the Debtors and non-asbestos Claimants to both (1) liability for associated taxes, interest and penalties thereon and (2) the obligation to pay Sealed Air approximately \$146 million for tax benefits prior to their realization; and requires the Debtors, in a number of circumstances, to use their "best efforts" to take certain actions or refrain from taking certain actions in support of Sealed Air's tax position. The

Debtors are concerned that "best efforts" is not adequately defined and could lead to disputes between the parties.

• The Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, as proposed, fails to define the meaning of "best efforts" with sufficient clarity to enable the Debtors to effectively manage federal, state and local income tax audits. Debtors are concerned that, in a case where Grace derives tax benefits from the Sealed Air Payment, which Grace would be required to share with Sealed Air under the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, Grace may be required to pay Sealed Air for tax benefits prior to their actual realization. Sealed Air has indicated that Grace does not have to make payment for a tax benefit unless the Debtors have received an actual reduction in the amount of taxes currently payable by them as a result of the tax benefit. If this is Sealed Air's position, Grace is in agreement. However, this result is not stated clearly in the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement.

The Plan assumes that these objections will be addressed by the Bankruptcy Court in an acceptable manner and that the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, as modified to address the Debtors' objections, will be approved. See Plan §7.7(e). The Plan provides that Sealed Air will pay the settlement proceeds to the Asbestos Trust to fund payments to Asbestos PI-SE Claimants and Asbestos PD Claimants.

4.7.2.2 Plan § 7.2.2 Funding of the Asbestos Trust

Effective on the Effective Date, and conditioned upon the fulfillment of events enumerated in the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, Cryovac, Inc. shall fund the Sealed Air Payment into the Asbestos Trust in accordance with the Plan and the provisions of the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement. Effective on the thirty-first (31st) day after the Effective Date, the Parent shall transfer or cause the transfer of the Debtors' Payment into the Asbestos Trust in accordance with the Plan.

The Sealed Air Payment and that portion of the Debtors' Payment consisting of the Parent Common Stock, to the extent necessary, shall first fund the Asbestos PI-SE Class Fund, the Asbestos PD Class Fund and the Asbestos Trust Expenses Fund. The remainder of the Sealed Air Payment, if any, and the Warrants included as part of the Debtors' Payment shall fund the Asbestos PI-AO Class Fund.

In addition, in the event that the proceeds of the sale of Parent Common Stock following exercise of all of the Warrants are insufficient to pay all Allowed Asbestos PI-AO Claims in full, the Reorganized Debtors shall pay the Asbestos Trust in full and in Ccash for the benefit of the Holders of such Claims, such payment to be made by the Reorganized Debtors on the first Business Day of the next calendar quarter after the date upon which the Asbestos PI-AO Claim becomes Allowed, unless the Claim becomes Allowed within fifteen (15) Business Days before the first Business Day of such next calendar quarter, in which case the payment date shall be the first Business Day of the next succeeding calendar quarter.

8.6.1 Risk that the Asbestos Trust Will not be Able to Pay All Allowed Claims

Even if the Plan is confirmed and consummated, Claimants and Holders of Equity Interests should be aware of certain risks associated with confirmation and the ability of the Debtors to perform under the Plan. The Plan provides that the Asbestos Trust will pay all Allowed Asbestos Claims. The Plan further provides that the Asbestos Trust will be funded by: (1) \$512.5 million in Gash, plus interest thereon from December 21, 2002 until the Effective Date, at a rate of 5.5% per annum compounded annually, from Sealed Air paid by Cryovac Inc., (2) 9 million shares of Sealed Air Common Stock (subject to antidilution adjustments outlined in the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement), (3) Parent Common Stock in an amount to be determined, and (4) Warrants exercisable for additional Parent Common Stock, which, together with the Parent Common Stock being issued under the Plan, could represent, up to an aggregate of 50.1% of the voting shares of the Parent. There is no guarantee that the value of Sealed Air Common Stock or Parent Common Stock will not decline such that the Asbestos Trust will not be able to pay all Allowed Asbestos Claims, as provided in the Plan. Finally, the amount of Allowed Asbestos Claims could be significantly more than estimated by the Court.

7.2.2 Funding of the Asbestos Trust

Effective on the Effective Date, and conditioned upon the fulfillment of events enumerated in the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement, Cryovac, Inc. shall fund the Sealed Air Payment into the Asbestos Trust in accordance with this Plan and the provisions of the Sealed Air Settlement Agreement. Effective on the thirty-first (31st) day after the Effective Date, the Parent shall transfer or cause the transfer of the Debtors' Payment into the Asbestos Trust in accordance with this Plan.

The Sealed Air Payment and that portion of the Debtors' Payment consisting of the Parent Common Stock, to the extent necessary, shall first fund the Asbestos PI-SE Class Fund, the Asbestos PD Class Fund and the Asbestos Trust Expenses Fund. The remainder of the Sealed Air Payment, if any, and the Warrants included as part of the Debtors' Payment shall fund the Asbestos PI-AO Class Fund.

In addition, in the event that the proceeds of the sale of Parent Common Stock following exercise of all of the Warrants are insufficient to pay all Allowed Asbestos PI-AO Claims in full, the Reorganized Debtors shall pay the Asbestos Trust in full and in <u>Geash</u> for the benefit of the Holders of such Claims, such payment to be made by the Reorganized Debtors on the first Business Day of the next calendar quarter after the date upon which the Asbestos PI-AO Claim becomes Allowed, unless the Claim becomes Allowed within fifteen (15) Business Days before the first Business Day of such next calendar quarter, in which case the payment date shall be the first Business Day of the next succeeding calendar quarter.